

STATE OF CONNECTICUT STATE ELECTIONS ENFORCEMENT COMMISSION Citizens' Election Program

Projected 2010 Legislative Competition and Citizens' Election Program Participation

2008 House Primary Statistics

34 Candidates Overall

30 Participating Candidates

28 Received Grants

- 15 General Assembly districts had primaries in 2008, if we assume a 20% increase in primaries, there would be 18 primaries in 2010.
- Of the 15 primaries in 2008, 10 were party dominant. Using the same ratio as in 2008, there would be 12 party dominant primaries in 2010.
- Of the 28 grant recipients in 2008, 18 received party dominant grants while 10 received non-party dominant grants.
- In 2008, the average number of candidates per primary race was 2.26. Using the same average as 2008 would yield 40 primary candidates in 2010 (18x2.26).
- In 2008, 82% of primary candidates received primary grants. Assuming that 90% of participating candidates receive primary grants in 2010, then 36 candidates would receive primary grants in 2010.
- In 2008, 64% of grant recipients received party dominant grants. Assuming that the same holds true in 2010 would yield 23 party dominant grant recipients and 13 non-party dominant grant recipients.

2008 House General Election Statistics

273 Candidates Overall

195 Participating Candidates

184 Received Grants

14 Candidates Opposed by Non-Major Party Candidates

46 Unopposed

- In 2008, there were 14 races where a major party candidate was challenged only by a non-major party opponent; 10 participating candidates received 60% grants in these races.
- In 2008, 46 candidates were unopposed and, of those candidates, 16 received 30% grants.
- The Commission issued 184 House grants in 2008, 158 of which were 100% grants
- In 2008, there were 273 candidates in the House. 195 candidates participated in the program; 184 of them received grants, totaling 71% of all candidates and 94% of participating candidates.



- Assuming that overall candidate participation increases by 10% in 2010, the total number of candidates in the House would reach 300. Assuming that 85% of all candidates participate in the Program and 95% receive grants, the total number of participating candidates would be 255 and the projected number of candidates receiving grants would be 243.
- In 2008, the grant amounts issued by the Commission were as follows: 9% were 30% grants, 6% were 60% grants and 85% were 100% grants.
- Assuming that unopposed races decrease by 5% and races opposed by non-major party candidates only decrease by 2%, then major party opposition would increase by 7%. The correlating 2010 projections are as follows: 243 total grants, 10 grants would be 30% grants, 10 grants would be 60% grants and 223 grants would be 100% grants.



2008 Senate Primary Statistics

8 Candidates Overall

7 Participating Candidates

7 Received Grants

- 4 General Assembly districts had primaries in 2008, assuming a 20% increase in primaries, there would be 5 primaries in 2010.
- Of the 4 primaries in 2008, only 1 was party dominant. Using the same ratio as in 2008, 2 would be party dominant in 2010.
- In 2008, 2 grant recipients received party dominant grants, 5 received non-party dominant grants.
- In 2008, there was an average of 2 candidates per primary race. Assuming the same average in 2010, there would be 10 primary candidates; 4 candidates in party dominant districts and 6 candidates in non-party dominant districts.

2008 Senate General Election Statistics

- 70 Candidates Overall
- 55 Participating Candidates
- 51 Received Grants
- 2 Non-Major Party Opponent Only
- 7 Unopposed in the District
 - In 2008, there were 2 races where a major party candidate was challenged only by a minor party opponent. Both candidates received 60% grants in these races. There were also 7 unopposed races in which 5 candidates received 30% grants.
 - In 2008, the Commission issued 55 Senate grants, 44 of which were 100% grants
 - There were 70 candidates in the Senate. 55 candidates participated in the program; 51 of them
 received grants, totaling 78.5% of all candidates and 92% of participating candidates receiving
 grants.
 - Assuming that races that had either no opposition or only minor opposition will see a major party opponent in 2010, the overall number of general election candidates in the Senate would reach 77.
 - Assuming that 85% of all candidates participate in the Program and 95% receive grants, there would be 66 participating candidates and 63 candidates receiving grants.
 - In 2008, the grant amounts issued by the Commission were as follows: 10% were 30% grants, 4% were 60% grants and 86% were 100% grants.
 - Assuming that unopposed races will drop by 5% and major party opposition will rise by 5%, then the 2010 projections would be: 66 candidates apply for grants, 30% grants would equal 3, 60% grants would equal 3 and 100% grants would equal 60.

Projected 2010 Legislative Competition and Citizens' Election Program Participation

House Primary

	2008			2010		
Non-Dominant	10	\$100,000	13	\$130,000		
Dominant	18	\$450,000	23	\$575,000		
		\$550,000		\$705,000		
House General Elec	ction					
	2008			2010		
100% Grants	158	\$3,950,000	223	\$5,575,000		
60% Grants	10	\$150,000	10	\$150,000		
30% Grants	16	\$120,000	10	\$75,000		
		\$4,220,000		\$5,800,000		
Senate Primary						
	2008			2010		
Non-Dominant	5	\$175,000	6	\$210,000		
Dominant	2	\$150,000	4	\$300,000		
		\$325,000		\$510,000		
Senate General Ele	ection					
	2008			2010		
100% Grants	48	\$4,080,000	60	\$5,100,000		
60% Grants	2	\$102,000	3	\$153,000		
30% Grants	5	\$127,500	3	\$76,500		
		\$4,309,500		\$5,329,500		
Calculated Total		\$9,404,500		\$12,344,500		
Actual Total *		\$9,111,645				
		\Supplemental Pa	yments = 5%**	\$617,225		
Total Exposure for 2010 \$12,961,725						

* Factors reductions in grant amounts due to personal funds, partial non-major party grants, and "buffer" adjustments.

** Assumes that the total combined exposure for supplemental payments and independent expenditure payments will be 5% of the total allocation for 2010.